

INDCS

ARAB COUNTRIES VISION

(LAS GUIDANCE)

Presented by : Nedal Katbeh-Bader
Palestine



- **Basic Principle:**

Sustainable development, national capabilities & circumstances, and adaptation needs shall guide the development of the INDCs submission.

Taking into consideration:

- Economic Resources
- Prospective Development for the next 50 - 100 years
 - Associated Growth in GHGs
- INDCs are ***conditional*** on provision of finance and technology by Developed Country Parties
- ***On the the principles of the Convention***, including but not limited to : common but differentiated responsibilities (CBDR)

1. Actions do not preclude access to means of implementation (MOI) under the Convention
2. Submission do not create additional requirements on the member State that go beyond the Convention

3. Efforts to combat climate change are reported at the project level, clearly defined activity, or specific policy, and not economy wide.

4. The current and future needs of sustainable development shall be adequately considered in order not to create undue restraints on the future generations' ability to achieve human development in accordance to the provisions of the Convention

5. List initiatives and new policies, documenting how these policies are part of the State's adaptation, or mitigation efforts.

6. INDCs' are post 2020.

7. Avoid committing to market based actions that could restrain economic & social growth, by placing caps on a country's emissions.

8. Focus actions on technology and adaptation efforts.

9. Consider current Kyoto protocol (KP) Clean Development Mechanism (CDM) submissions for inclusion as appropriate INDCs conditional to the provision of technology and funding.

10. Ground the INDCs contributions in the context of the national circumstances.

11. Actions should be focused on adaptation to • climate change while documenting the co-benefit of mitigation if it exists.

Sectors to be covered

1. Tourism.
2. Agriculture.
3. Desertification.
4. Desalination.
5. Energy.
6. Industry.
7. Economic Diversification.
8. Transportation.
9. Urban Planning.
10. Forestry and Land Use.
11. Waste Management.
12. Institutional Setup and R&D.
13. Mining.